

United Nations Economic Commission for Africa

Supporting the Enhancement of NDCs Ambition in Africa

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PRESENTATION SUMMARY

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Background

- Parties to the Paris Agreement were to submit revised or new NDCs in 2020;
- African countries submitted ambitious NDCs; 50 countries have ratified the Agreement;
- The 50 countries estimate USD 3 trillion will be needed to implement their NDCs;
- ACPC is working to enhance private sector engagement in NDCs implementation, while ensuring that gender is mainstreamed in the NDCs.





National Context

- Recognize the importance of **integrating climate change** in national development planning;
- **Current challenges** relating to **COVID19** pandemic, poverty alleviation and economic development;
- Current challenges and impacts relating to increased levels of extreme events (hurricane, floods, drought), pandemic (COVID 19), pests (locusts) and heat waves;
- **Recognition** of (low) historical and current responsibility (e.g. percapita **historical emissions**), and respective capabilities and constraints (e.g. per-capita income);
- **Recognition** of importance of **just transition**, building resilience & recovery in economic stimulus packages for COVID-19;
- Welcoming the opportunity to communicate NDCs addressing adaptation, mitigation and means of implementation, in a balanced manner, subject to conditions below.

Reference point (including as appropriate, a base year)

- Determine the expected **date of submission** of the revised NDC to the UNFCCC (MM/YY);
- Determine the government's **overarching objective** in revising its NDC;
- It is important to have a base year for setting targets, computing ambition and MRV;
- Africa's base year should be determined in the light of the special circumstances of each country;
- Africa should follow a low intensity emission pathway;
- Set Long-term vision Carbon Neutrality or Net zero emission.



Time frames and/or periods for implementation

- Set the time frame in alignment with the **national planning cycle**;
- Take cognizance of compliance obligations and reporting cycles under the convention;
- Countries can also decide or choose not to indicate a time frame under uncertainties and conditionalities surrounding implementation (i.e. means of implementation).



- Determine the scope of the revision (e.g., updating data/information, adding sectors/gases, updating targets);
- Assess if the planned revisions will result in an increase in NDCs ambition;
- List the sectors included in the revised NDC;
- Focus on using sectors and information contained in the National Communications to the UNFCCC (IPCC Sectors);
- Focus on **sectors** as **opposed to economic-wide** approach for the revision of the NDC;
- Use **nexus approach** to assess economy wide implications;
- Under each sector, list areas/actions you consider relevant for enhancing NDC ambition;
- Any new actions included in the revised NDC ambition should also be based on the **provision of means of implementation**.

Adaptation

Sector target/	Action &	Description/	ion/ Requirement for implementation			
focus	Interventions	baseline &	Capacity	Technology	Finance	
		new ambition	requirements	requirements	requirements	
Adaptation planning						
Adaptation implementation						

Mitigation

Sector target/	Action &	Description/	Requirement for implementation		
focus	Interventions	baseline &	Capacity	Technology	Finance
		new ambition	requirements	requirements	requirements
Mitigation					
planning					
Mitigation					
implementation					
implementation					
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- Build Political will, buy-in and societal ownership at national and sub-national levels;
- **Review, align**, and update existing targets, policies and measures;
- Coordination and engagement of all relevant sectors and stakeholders, state and non-state actors, gender and youth;
- Assess costs and investment opportunities;
- Capacity building and strengthening institutions and skillsets of actors;
- **Technology needs** Assessment (TNA), development and transfer;
- **Monitoring** progress and strengthen transparency;
- **Data** collection;
- Approval process.

The review of the NDC to enhance ambition is submitted subject to conditions relating to:

- Full conformity with the principles and provisions of the Convention, e.g. **CBDR**;
- Contributions from developed countries for mitigation, adaptation, finance, technology and capacity are in the context of comprehensive agreement for the period beyond 2020;
- Annex I Parties making "equitable and appropriate" mitigation contributions taking into account their historical responsibility;
- Annex II Parties providing support for adaptation actions outlined in this revised NDC with enhanced ambition.



Assumptions and conditions (contn)

- Annex II Parties providing support for the mitigation actions outlined in revised NDCs with enhanced ambition;
- The Paris Agreement establishes a formal process during the 2015-2020 period to *match* NDCs from developing countries with support from developed countries in conformity with Article 4 of the Convention;
- **Periodic review** of implementation of the enhanced actions and means of implementation.

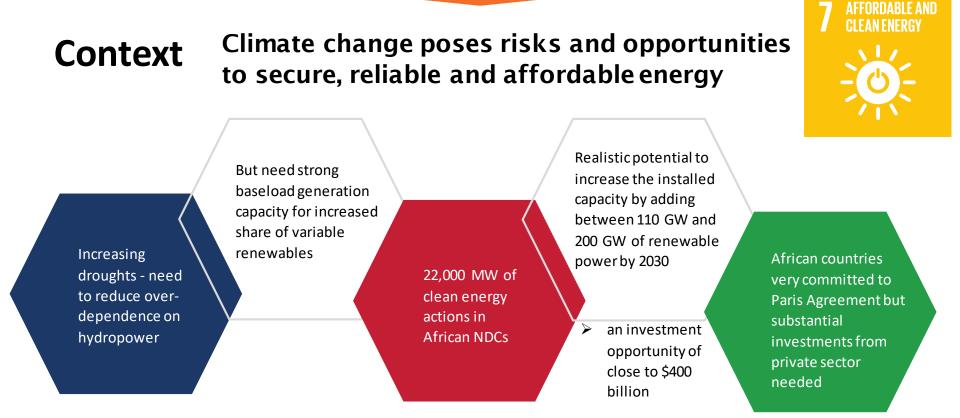


The SDG7 Initiative is focussed on three pillars:

- The sustainability pillar envisages support to member states to revise their NDCs with bankable clean energy actions;
- The governance pillar focusses on support for energy sector reforms to establish the enabling environment;
- The **finance** pillar aims to mobilise funds from the private sector.



ECA's SDG7 Initiative for Africa



✓ The SDG7 Initiative for Africa aims to make that happen

ECA's SDG7 Initiative for Africa

The initiative is a mechanism built on three pillars - sustainability, governance and finance — to bring together countries, financiers and developers of clean energy projects to align interests and combine scale and speed to fast-track financing from the private sector for deployment of clean energy in Africa.

Sustainability

Supports achievement of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) through long-term financing for clean energy solutions, environmental sustainability and business sustainability

Governance

Adheres to responsible investment principles such as those promoted by the UN-supported Principles for Responsible Investment, covering environmental, social and governance factors Finance

Mobilizes private-sector finance through bonds issued in capital markets and putting in place risk-mitigation instruments to fast-track investments for a bundle of clean energy projects covering different countries and technologies.

LEVERAGE

World -renowned investment expertise and resources Experiences of major clean energy project developers in Africa Political will and leadership in a number of African countries Big portfolio of announced renewable energy projects

Low interest rates globally

Declining costs of renewable energy technologies

Methodology Validation and Revision Process in Zimbabwe

- Zimbabwe is in the process of revising its NDC through engagement of climate sensitive sectoral experts (from Agriculture, Forestry, Energy, Industry, Waste and Transport);
- The NDC will be aligned to the newly finalized
 Low Emissions Development Strategy (LEDS);
- Modelling will take place by March, and the period March-May will be used for the NDC revision review and approval by parliament;
- The plan for the NDC revision completion and **submission to UNFCCC** is end of **June 2021**.





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Thank You!